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DATE OF APPROVAL LETTER:

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION SUMMARY

SUPPLEMENTAL ABBREVIATED NEW ANIMAL DRUG APPLICATION

ANADA 200-144

TETROXY® HCA (oxytetracycline HCl)

"change of withdrawal period for turkeys and swine to zero days"

Sponsored by Bimeda, Inc.

ANADA 200-144

F05-1

I. GENERAL INFORMATION:

ANADA:

200-144

Sponsor:

Bimeda, Inc.

288 County Road 28 Le Sueur, MN 56058

Generic Name:

Oxytetracycline HCl

Trade Name:

TETROXY® HCA SOLUBLE POWDER

Marketing Status:

OTC

Effect of the Supplement:

Change of withdrawal period for turkeys and swine to

zero days

II. INDICATIONS AND DOSAGES FOR USE:

Turkeys:

200 to 400 mg per gallon for control of hexamitiasis caused by Hexamita

meleagridis, susceptible to oxytetracycline.

400 mg per gallon for control of infectious synovitis caused by

Mycoplasma synoviae, susceptible to oxytetracycline.

25-mg/lb body weight in GROWING TURKEYS for control of

complicating bacterial organisms associated with bluecomb (transmissible

enteritis, coronaviral enteritis), susceptible to oxytetracycline.

Swine:

10 mg/lb body weight FOR THE CONTROL AND TREATMENT OF

THE FOLLOWING DISEASES IN SWINE – Bacterial enteritis caused by

Escherichia coli and Salmonella choleraesuis, susceptible to

oxytetracycline. FOR BREEDING SWINE: Leptospirosis (reducing the incidence of abortions and shedding of leptospira) caused by *Leptospira*

pomona, susceptible to oxytetracycline.

III. DRUG EFFECTIVENES AND TARGET ANIMAL SAFETY:

Under the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as amended by the Generic Animal Drug and Patent Term Restoration Act, (53 FR 50460, December 15, 1988, First GADPTRA Policy Letter) an abbreviated new animal drug application (ANADA) may be submitted for a generic version of an approved new animal drug (pioneer product). New target animal safety data, drug effectiveness data, and human food safety data (other than tissue residue data) are not required for approval of an ANADA. An ANADA relies on the target animal safety, drug effectiveness, and human food safety data in the pioneer's new animal drug application. The ANADA sponsor is required to show that the generic product is bioequivalent to the pioneer. ANADA's for drug products for food-producing animals will generally be required to include bioequivalence and tissue residue studies. A tissue residue study will generally be required to accompany clinical end-point and pharmacologic end-point bioequivalence studies, and blood level bioequivalence studies that can not quantify the concentration of the drug in blood throughout the established withdrawal period. For certain dosage forms, the agency will grant a waiver from conducting an in vivo bioequivalence study (55 FR 24645, June 18, 1990; Fifth GADPTRA Policy Letter; Bioequivalence Guideline, October 10, 2000).

Based upon the formulation characteristics of the generic product, TETROXY® HCA was granted a waiver from conducting an *in vivo* bioequivalence study and approved on June 26, 1995. The generic and pioneer products contain the same active and inactive ingredients and are soluble powders.

IV. HUMAN FOOD SAFETY:

A. TOLERANCES:

Tolerances are established in 21 CFR 556.500 for the sum of residues in tissues of swine and turkeys as follows: 2 ppm in muscle, 6 ppm in liver, 12 ppm in fat and kidney. The acceptable daily intake (ADI) for total oxytetracycline residues is 25 micrograms per kilogram of body weight per day.

B. WITHDRAWAL TIME:

When a waiver from the requirement of an *in vivo* bioequivalence study is granted, the withdrawal times are those previously assigned to the pioneer product. The withdrawal time for pioneer oxytetracycline soluble powders (NADA 130-435, Alpharma, Inc.'s Oxytet Soluble[®]) is established under 21 CFR 520.1660d. Alpharma, Inc. received approval on November 29, 2000, for a zero day withdrawal time for turkeys and swine. This supplemental ANADA requests

the same zero-day withdrawal period for turkeys and swine based on the waiver granted to the original approval of Bimeda, Inc.'s ANADA. No new data were required for the reduced withdrawal times in swine and turkeys.

C. REGULATORY METHODS:

The regulatory method for determination of oxytetracycline in tissues is a microbiological assay procedure using *Bacillus cereus* var. *mycoides* (ATCC 11778) suspension and is found in the FDA publication "Antibiotic Residues in Milk, Dairy Products, and Animal Tissues: Methods, Reports, and Protocols" revised October 1968, reprinted December 1974.

V. AGENCY CONCLUSIONS

This supplemental ANADA satisfies the requirements of section 512 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act and implementing regulations at Part 514 of Title 21, Code of Federal Regulations (21 CFR 514) which demonstrates that TETROXY® HCA (oxytetracycline HCl), is safe and effective for use in turkeys and swine for the approved indications, when administered in water at the approved dose.

Tolerances are established in 21 CFR 556.500 for the sum of residues in tissues of swine and turkeys as follows: 2 ppm in muscle, 6 ppm in liver, 12 ppm in fat and kidney. The preslaughter withdrawal times for turkeys and swine are zero days. The acceptable daily intake (ADI) for total oxytetracycline residues is 25 micrograms per kilogram of body weight per day.

The agency has determined under 21 CFR 25.33(a)(1) that this action is of a type that does not individually or cumulatively have a significant impact on the human environment. Therefore, neither an environmental assessment nor an environmental impact statement is required.

Under section 512(c)(2)(F)(iii) of the FFDCA, this approval for food-producing animals does not qualify for marketing exclusivity.

VI. APPROVED PRODUCT LABELING (attached)

- A. Pioneer Facsimile label OXYTET Soluble (280 grams packet)
- B. Generic Facsimile labels TETROXY HCA-280 g (9.87 oz), 560 g (19.74 oz) 1400g (3.09 lbs) & 2270 g (5 lbs.)

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS FOR WATER MEDICATION

CHICKENS - TURKEYS - SWINE

DOSAGE AND INDICATIONS FOR USE IN WATER PROPORTIONERS:

Add the following amount to one gallon of stock solution when proportioner is set to meter at the rate of one ounce per gallon

	Disease	Treatment Level	Quantity/Gallon Stock Solution
CI	Control of infectious synovitia caused by Mycoptasma synovias, susceptible to oxysetracycline	200-400 mg	70-140 g
CKE	Control of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sec infections caused by Mycoplearing gailing pricing and Escherichia coil, ausceptible to oxyletracycline.	490-800 mg	140-280 g
N S	Control of towl cholera caused by Pasteurella multocida, susceptible to oxyletracycline.	400-800 mg	140-280 g
ŭ	Control of hexanetiasis caused by Hexamita meleagridis, susceptible to exytetracycline.	200-400 mg	70-140 g
RKE	Control of infectious synovitie caused by Mycoplasma synoviae, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400 mg	140 g
y S	GROWING TURKEYS: Control of compileating bacterial organisms associated with bluecomb (transmissible enteritis, coronaviral enteritis), susceptible to oxytetracycline.	25 mg/lb body weight	Varies with age & water consumption
S W - N E	FOR THE CONTROL AND TREATMENT OF THE FOLLOWING DISEASES IN SWINE: Bacterial entertite caused by Excherichle coll and Salmonelle choleraesus, susceptible to crypteracycline. Bacterial pneumonia caused by Pasteurelle multionida, susceptible to oxysteracycline. FOR BREEDING SWINE: Leptospirasis (reducing the Incidence of abortions and shedding of laptospira; caused by Leptospira pomona, susceptible to oxysteracycline.	10 mg/lb body weight	Varies with age & water consumption

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Mix fresh solutions daily. Use as sole source of drinking water - Do not mix this product directly with milk or milk replacers. Administer one hour before or two hours after feeding milk or milk replacers. If improvement is not noted within 24 to 48 hours, consult a poultry veterinarian or poultry diagnostic laboratory - As a generalization, 200 chickens will drink one gailon of water per day for each week of age. Turkeys will consume twice that amount. Administer 7 to 14 days to chickens & turkeys and up to 5 days to swine. Note: The concentration of drug required in medicated water must be adequate to compensate for variation in the age of the birds, feed consumption rate, and the environmental temperature and humidity, each of which affects water consumption. CAUTION: Use as sole source of oxytetracycline. Not to be used for more than 14 consecutive days in chickens and turkeys or 5 consecutive days in swine.

WARNING: DO NOT feed to birds producing eggs for human consumption. Discontinue treatment of CHICKENS, TURKEYS and SWINE 0 days prior to slaughter. CONSULT MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET PRIOR TO USE.

Tetroxy is a registered trademark of the Cross Vetpharm Group, Ltd DBA Birneda, inc. RECOMMENDED STORAGE CONDITIONS: Store below 77°F (25°C).

LIVESTOCK REMEDY, NOT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION. HAZARDOUS REMEDY

Product No. 1TET911 8TET981-501



TETROXY® HCA-2270 SOLUBLE POWDER

(OXYTETRACYCLINE HCI) ANTIBIOTIC

This 5 lb. (2.27 kg) container contains 830.2 g oxytetracycline HCl and will make: 4151 gallons (15712 L) containing 200 mg oxytetracycline HCl per gallon. 2075 gallons (7854 L) containing 400 mg oxytetracycline HCl per gallon. 1038 gallons (3929 L) containing 800 mg oxytetracycline HCl per gallon. 5 lbs. (2.27 kg) will treat 83,017 pounds of swine.

FOR USE IN DRINKING WATER ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN LIQUID FEED SUPPLEMENTS
SEE PANEL FOR INSTRUCTIONS
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

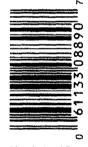
NET WEIGHT: 5 lbs. (2.27 kg) (2,270 grams)

ANADA 200-144, Approved by FDA



Bimeda

💠 Made in Canada



Manufactured For: Bimeda, Inc. Riverside, MO 64150 USA

TETROXY® HCA-560 SOLUBLE POWDER

(OXYTETRACYCLINE HCI) ANTIBIOTIC

Each packet contains 204.8 g oxytetracycline HCl and will make: 1024 gallons (3876 L) containing 200 mg oxytetracycline HCl per gallon. 512 gallons (1938 L) containing 400 mg oxytetracycline HCl per gallon. 256 gallons (969 L) containing 800 mg oxytetracycline HCl per gallon. This packet will treat 20,480 pounds of swine.

FOR USE IN DRINKING WATER ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN LIQUID FEED SUPPLEMENTS
SEE BACK FOR INSTRUCTIONS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

NET WEIGHT: 19.74 oz. (560 Grams)

ANADA 200-144, Approved by FDA



Manufactured for: Bimeda, Inc. Riverside, MO 64150 USA

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS FOR WATER MEDICATION CHICKENS - TURKEYS - SWINE

DOSAGE AND INDICATIONS FOR USE IN WATER PROPORTIONERS - Add the following amount to one gallon of stock solution when proportioner is set to meter at the rate of one ounce per gallon.

	DISEASE	TREATMENT LEVEL	PACKS/GAL. STOCK SOL.
CHICKENS	Control of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synoviae, susceptible to oxytetracycline	200-400 mg	1/4 - 1/2 (70 -140 g)
	Control of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sac infections caused by Mycoplasma gallisepticum and Escherichia coli, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400-800 mg	1/2 - 1 (140-280 g)
	Control of fowl cholera caused by Pasteurella multocida, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400-800 mg	1/2 - 1 (140-280 g)
TURKEYS	Control of hexamitiasis caused by <i>Hexamita meleagridis</i> , susceptible to oxytetracycline.	200-400 mg	1/4 - 1/2 (70-140 g)
***************************************	Control of infectious synovitis caused by <i>Mycoplasma synoviae</i> , susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400 mg	1/2 (140 g)
	GROWING TURKEYS- Control of complicating bacteria organisms associated with bluecomb (transmissible enteritis, coronaviral enteritis), susceptible to oxytetracycline.	25 mg/lb. body weight	Varies with age & water consumption
SWINE	FOR THE CONTROL AND TREATMENT OF THE FOLLOWING DISEASES IN SWINE Bacterial enteritis caused by <i>Escherichia coli</i> and <i>Salmonella choleraesuis</i> , susceptible to oxytetracycline. Bacterial pneumonia caused by <i>Pasteurella multocida</i> , susceptible to oxytetracycline.	10 mg/lb. body weight	Varies with age & water consumption
	FOR BREEDING SWINE: Leptospirosis (reducing the incidence of abortions and shedding of leptospira) caused by <i>Leptospira pomona</i> , susceptible to oxyletracycline.		

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

MIX FRESH SOLUTIONS DAILY. USE AS SOLE SOURCE OF DRINKING WATER - DO NOT MIX THIS PRODUCT DIRECTLY WITH MILK OR MILK REPLACERS. ADMINISTER ONE HOUR BEFORE OR TWO HOURS AFTER FEEDING MILK OR MILK REPLACERS. IF IMPROVEMENT IS NOT NOTED WITHIN 24 TO 48 HOURS, CONSULT A POULTRY VETERINARIAN OR POULTRY DIAGNOSTIC LABORATORY - AS A GENERALIZATION, 200 CHICKENS WILL DRINK ONE GALLON OF WATER PER DAY FOR EACH WEEK OF AGE. TURKEYS WILL CONSUME TWICE THAT AMOUNT. ADMINISTER 7 TO 14 DAYS TO CHICKENS & TURKEYS AND UP TO 5 DAYS TO SWINE. **NOTE**: The concentration of drug required in medicated water must be adequate to compensate for variation in the age of the birds, feed consumption rate, and the environmental temperatures and humidity, each of which affects water consumption.

CAUTION: USE AS SOLE SOURCE OF OXYTETRACYCLINE.
NOT TO BE USED FOR MORE THAN 14 CONSECUTIVE DAYS IN CHICKENS AND TURKEYS OR 5 CONSECUTIVE DAYS IN SWINE.



WARNING: DO NOT FEED TO BIRDS PRODUCING EGGS FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION.
DISCONTINUE TREATMENT OF CHICKENS, TURKEYS AND SWINE 0 DAYS PRIOR TO SLAUGHTER.
CONSULT MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET PRIOR TO USE.

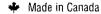


Tetroxy is a registered trademark of the Cross Vetpharm Group, Ltd DBA Bimeda, Inc.

Product No. 1TET012 8TET002-501

RECOMMENDED PACKET STORAGE CONDITIONS: Store below 77°F (25°C). LIVESTOCK REMEDY - NOT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION - HAZARDOUS REMEDY





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MIXING INSTRUCTIONS FOR WATER MEDICATION CHICKENS - TURKEYS - SWINE

DOSAGE AND INDICATIONS FOR USE IN WATER PROPORTIONERS - Add the following amount to one gallon of stock solution when proportioner is set to meter at the rate of one ounce per gallon.

	DISEASE	TREATMENT LEVEL	PACKS/GAL. STOCK SOL.
CHICKENS	Control of infectious synovitis caused by <i>Mycoplasma synoviae</i> , susceptible to oxytetracycline	200-400 mg	1/8 - 1/4 (70 -140 g)
	Control of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sac infections caused by Mycoplasma gallisepticum and Escherichia coli, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400-800 mg	1/4 - 1/2 (140-280 g)
	Control of fowl cholera caused by <i>Pasteurella multocida</i> , susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400-800 mg	1/4 - 1/2 (140-280 g)
TURKEYS	Control of hexamitiasis caused by <i>Hexamita meleagridis</i> , susceptible to oxytetracycline.	200-400 mg	1/8 - 1/4 (70-140 g)
	Control of infectious synovitis caused by <i>Mycoplasma synoviae</i> , susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400 mg	1/4 (140 g)
	GROWING TURKEYS- Control of complicating bacteria organisms associated with bluecomb (transmissible enteritis, coronaviral enteritis), susceptible to oxytetracycline.	25 mg/lb. body weight	Varies with age & water consumption
SWINE	FOR THE CONTROL AND TREATMENT OF THE FOLLOWING DISEASES IN SWINE Bacterial enteritis caused by <i>Escherichia coli</i> and <i>Salmonella choleraesuis</i> , susceptible to oxytetracycline. Bacterial pneumonia caused by <i>Pasteurella multocida</i> , susceptible to oxytetracycline.	10 mg/lb. body weight	Varies with age & water consumption
	FOR BREEDING SWINE: Leptospirosis (reducing the incidence of abortions and shedding of leptospira) caused by <i>Leptospira pomona</i> , susceptible to oxytetracycline.	oody worgin	water consumption

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

MIX FRESH SOLUTIONS DAILY. USE AS SOLE SOURCE OF DRINKING WATER - DO NOT MIX THIS PRODUCT DIRECTLY WITH MILK OR MILK REPLACERS. ADMINISTER ONE HOUR BEFORE OR TWO HOURS AFTER FEEDING MILK OR MILK REPLACERS. IF IMPROVEMENT IS NOT NOTED WITHIN 24 TO 48 HOURS, CONSULT A POULTRY VETERINARIAN OR POULTRY DIAGNOSTIC LABORATORY - AS A GENERALIZATION, 200 CHICKENS WILL DRINK ONE GALLON OF WATER PER DAY FOR EACH WEEK OF AGE. TURKEYS WILL CONSUME TWICE THAT AMOUNT. ADMINISTER 7 TO 14 DAYS TO CHICKENS & TURKEYS AND UP TO 5 DAYS TO SWINE. NOTE: The concentration of drug required in medicated water must be adequate to compensate for variation in the age of the birds, feed consumption rate, and the environmental temperatures and humidity, each of which affects water consumption.

CAUTION: USE AS SOLE SOURCE OF OXYTETRACYCLINE.

NOT TO BE USED FOR MORE THAN 14 CONSECUTIVE DAYS IN CHICKENS AND TURKEYS OR 5 CONSECUTIVE DAYS IN SWINE.



WARNING: DO NOT FEED TO BIRDS PRODUCING EGGS FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION.
DISCONTINUE TREATMENT OF CHICKENS, TURKEYS AND SWINE 0 DAYS PRIOR TO SLAUGHTER.
CONSULT MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET PRIOR TO USE.



Tetroxy is a registered trademark of the Cross Vetpharm Group, Ltd DBA Bimeda, Inc.

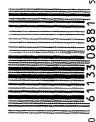
Product No. 1TET013 8TET004-501

RECOMMENDED PACKET STORAGE CONDITIONS: Store below 77°F (25°C). LIVESTOCK REMEDY - NOT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION - HAZARDOUS REMEDY



Made in Canada

654608B



TETROXY® HCA-280 SOLUBLE POWDER

(OXYTETRACYCLINE HCI) ANTIBIOTIC

Each packet contains 102.4 grams of oxytetracycline HCl and will make: 512 gallons (1938 L) containing 200 mg oxytetracycline HCl per gallon. 128 gallons (484 L) containing 800 mg oxytetracycline HCl per gallon.

FOR USE IN DRINKING WATER ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN LIQUID FEED SUPPLEMENTS
SEE BACK FOR INSTRUCTIONS

Restricted Drug (California) - Use Only as Directed

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

NET WEIGHT: 9.87 oz. (280 Grams)

ANADA 200-144, Approved by FDA



Manufactured for: Bimeda, Inc. Riverside, MO 64150 USA

c	Disease	Treatment Level	Packs/Gailon Stock
#	Control of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synoviae, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	200 - 400 mg	%-15 (70-140 g)
C K E	Control of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sac infections caused by Mycoplasma gallisepticum and Escherichia coli, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400 - 800 mg	15-1 (140-280 g)
Š	Control of fowl cholera caused by Pasteurella multocida, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400 - 800 mg	½-1 (140-280 g)
7	Control of hexamitiasis caused by Hexamita meleagridis, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	200 - 400 mg	%-15 (70-140 g)
R	Control of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synoviae, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400 mg	½ (140 g)
CHI)-V	GROWING TURKEYS — Control of complicating bacterial organisms associated with bluecomb (transmissible enteritis, coronaviral enteritis), susceptible to oxytetracycline.	25 mg/lb body weight	Varies with age & water consumption
S₩+NE	FOR THE CONTROL AND TREATMENT OF THE FOLLOWING DISEASES IN SWINE — Bacterial permission of Exherichia color and Salmone'lla choloraeusis, susceptible to expretacycline. Bacterial pneumaic caused by Pastaurella analhockia, susceptible to expretacycline. FOR BREDING SWINE: Leptospirosis (reducing the indocreo of abortions and shedding of leptospiral scuad by Leptospiro pomona, susceptible to expretacycline.	10 mg/lb body weight	Varies with age & water consumption



List #2201



OXYTETRACYCLINE HCI

This packet contains 102.4 g of oxytetracycline HCl and will make: 512 gallons (1936 liters) containing 200 mg oxytetracycline HCl per Store below 77° F (25° C) gallon

128 gallons (484 liters) containing See back panel for instructions 800 mg oxytetracycline HCl per gallon

This packet will treat 10,240 lbs of

ANTIBIOTIC

RECOMMENDED PACKET STORAGE CONDITIONS:

NADA #130-435, Approved by FDA

For Use in Drinking Water Only Not for Use in Liquid Type B Medicated Feeds Keep Out of Reach of Children

Net Weight

9.87 oz (280 g)

Restricted Drug, Use Only as Directed (CA)

∠ALPHARMA.

Animal Health Division

Alpharma Inc. One Executive Drive, Fort Lee, New Jersey 07024

FDA AHF-031A 0007

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Mix fresh solutions daily. Use as sole source of drinking water. Do not mix this product directly with milk or milk replacers. Administer 1 hour before or 2 hours after feeding milk or milk replacers. Consult a poultry diagnostic laboratory or poultry pathologist for diagnosis and advice on dosage for chickens and turkeys. As a generalization, 200 chickens will drink 1 gallon of water per day for each week of age. Turkeys will consume twice that amount. Administer up to 5 days to swine and 7 to 14 days for chickens and turkeys. NOTE: The concentration of drug required in medicated water must be adequate to compensate for variation in the age of the animal, feed consumption rate, and the environmental temperatures and humidity, each of which affects water consumption. CAUTION: Use as sole source of oxytetracycline. Not to be used for more than 5 consecutive days in swine or 14 consecutive days in chickens and turkeys.

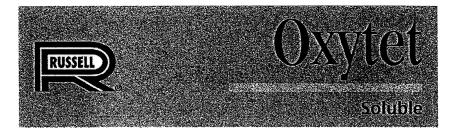
> WARNING - Do not feed to birds producing eggs for human consumption. LIVESTOCK REMEDY. NOT FOR HUMAN USE. HAZARDOUS REMEDY.



c	Disease	Freatment Level	Packs/Gallon Stock
H	Control of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synoviae, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	200 - 400 mg	%-15 (70-140 g)
C X	Control of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sac infections caused by Mycoplasma gallisopticum and Escherichia coli, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400 - 800 mg	140-280 g)
Š	Control of fowl cholera caused by PasteureRa multocida, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400 - 800 mg	12-1 (140-280 g)
i i	Control of hexamitiasis caused by Hexamita meleagridis, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	200 - 400 mg	%-½ (70-140 g)
R	Control of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synoviae, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400 mg	½ (140 g)
E 7 5	GROWING TURKEYS — Control of complicating bacterial organisms associated with bluecomb (transmissible enteritis, coronaviral enteritis), susceptible to oxytetracycline.	25 mg/fb body weight	Varies with age & water consumption
S W I N	FOR THE CONTROL AND TREATMENT OF THE FOLLOWING DISEASES IN DWINE — Bacterial entorins caused by Esthembria coli and Salmonalla challenessis, susceptible to expertacycline. Bacterial preumonia caused by Passeureth multipodds, susceptible to expertacycline. FOR BREDING SWINE. Leptospross (reducing the indicate of abortions and shedding of periospraid acreed by Leptospra pomona, susceptible to expertacycline.	10 mg/lb body weight	Varies with age & water consumption



List #2201



OXYTETRACYCLINE HCI

This packet contains 102.4 g of oxytetracycline HCI and will make:

512 gallons (1936 liters) containing 200 mg oxytetracycline HCI per

128 gallons (484 liters) containing 800 mg oxytetracycline HCI per gallon

This packet will treat 10,240 lbs of

ANTIBIOTIC

RECOMMENDED PACKET STORAGE CONDITIONS:

Store below 77° F (25° C)

See back panel for instructions

NADA #130-435, Approved by FDA

For Use in Drinking Water Only Not for Use in Liquid Type B **Medicated Feeds** Keep Out of Reach of Children

Net Weight 9.87 oz (280 g)

Restricted Drug, Use Only as Directed (CA)



Animal Health Division

Alpharma Inc. One Executive Drive, Fort Lee, New Jersey 07024

FDA AHF-031A 0007

DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Mix fresh solutions daily. Use as sole source of drinking water. Do not mix this product directly with milk or milk replacers. Administer 1 hour before or 2 hours after feeding milk or milk replacers. Consult a poultry diagnostic laboratory or poultry pathologist for diagnosis and advice on dosage for chickens and turkeys. As a generalization, 200 chickens will drink I gallon of water per day for each week of age. Turkeys will consume twice that amount. Administer up to 5 days to swine and 7 to 14 days for chickens and turkeys. NOTE: The concentration of drug required in medicated water must be adequate to compensate for variation in the age of the animal, feed consumption rate, and the environmental temperatures and humidity, each of which affects water consumption. CAUTION: Use as sole source of oxytetracycline. Not to be used for more than 5 consecutive days in swine or 14 consecutive days in chickens and turkeys.

WARNING - Do not feed to birds producing eggs for human consumption. LIVESTOCK REMEDY. NOT FOR HUMAN USE. HAZARDOUS REMEDY.



CHILL rcia DIRECTIONS FOR USE: Mix fresh solutions daily. Use as sole source of drinking water. Do not mix this product directly with milk or milk replacers. Administer one hour before or two hours after feeding milk or milk replacers. If improvement is not noted within 24 to 48 hours, consult a poultry veterinarian or poultry diagnostic laboratory - As a generalization,

200 chickens will drink one gallon of water per day for each week of age. Turkeys will con sume twice that amount. Administer 7 to 14 days for chickens and turkeys and up to 5 days to swine.

Note: The concentration of drug required in medicated water must be adequate to compensate for variation in the age of the animal, feed consumption rate, and the environmental temperatures and humidity, each of which affects water consumption.

CAUTION: USE AS SOLE SOURCE OF OXYTETRACYCLINE. NOT TO BE USED FOR MORE THAN 14 CONSECUTIVE DAYS IN CHICKENS AND TURKEYS OR 5 CONSECUTIVE DAYS IN SWINE.

⇒ WARNING: DO NOT FEED TO BIRDS PRODUCING EGGS FOR ← HUMAN CONSUMPTION. DISCONTINUE TREATMENT OF CHICKENS, TURKEYS AND SWINE 0 DAYS PRIOR TO SLAUGHTER CONSULT MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET PRIOR TO USE.

RECOMMENDED PACKET STORAGE CONDITIONS: Store below 77°F (25°C)

Tetroxy is a registered trademark of the Cross Vetpharm Group, Ltd DBA Bimeda, Inc. Lot No.

Exp

TETROXY HCA-1400 SOLUBLE POWDER (OXYTETRACYCLINE HCI) ANTIBIOTIC

Each bottle contains 512 grams of Oxytetracycline HCl and will make: 2560 gallons (9690L) containing 200mg oxytetracycline HCl per gallon 1280 gallons (4845L) containing 400mg oxytetracycline HCl per gallon 640 gallons (2422L) containing 800mg oxytetracycline HCl per gallon This bottle will treat 51.200 pounds of swine.

FOR USE IN DRINKING WATER ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN LIQUID FEED SUPPLEMENTS

LIVESTOCK REMEDY - NOT FOR HUMAN CONSUPTION -HAZARDOUS REMEDY KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Restricted Drug (California) - Use Only as Directed

NET WEIGHT: 3.09 LBS. (1400 GRAMS)

ANADA 200-144, Approved by FDA

Bimeda

Manufactured by: Bimeda, Inc. Le Sueur, MN 56058

MIXING DIRECTIONS FOR WATER MEDICATION CHICKENS - TURKEYS - SWINE

DOSAGE AND INDICATIONS FOR USE IN WATER PROPORTIONERS – Add 1 bottle to the following amount of water to make a stock solution for use in a proportioner set to meter at the rate of one ounce per gallon.

	Disease	Treatment Level	Gallons Stock/Bottle
C H	Control of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synoviae, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	200 – 400 mg	20 – 10
I C K	Control of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sac infec- tions caused by Mycoplasma gallisepticum and Escherichia coli, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400 - 800 mg	10 – 5
E N S	Control of fowl cholera caused by Pasteurella multocida, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400 – 800 mg	10 – 5
T U	Control of hexamitiasis caused by Hexamita meleagridis, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	200 – 400 mg	20 - 10
R K	Control of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synoviae, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	400 mg	10
E Y S	GROWING TURKEYS-Control of complicating bacteria associated with bluecomb (transmissible enteritis, corona- viral enteritis), susceptible to oxytetracycline.	25 mg/lb. body weight	Varies with age & water consumption
S	FOR THE CONTROL AND TREATMENT OF THE FOLLOW		WINE
W I	Bacterial enteritis caused by Escherichia coli and Salmonella cho leraesuis, susceptible to oxytetracycline.	- 10 mg/lb. body weight	Varies with age & water consumption
N	Bacterial pneumonia caused by Pasteurella multocida,		
E	susceptible to oxytetracycline.		
	FOR BREEDING SWINE: Leptospirosis (reducing the incidence of abortions and shedding of leptospira) caused by Leptospira pomona, susceptible to oxytetracycline.		

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MIXING INSTRUCTIONS FOR WATER MEDICATION

CHICKENS - TURKEYS - SWINE

DOSAGE AND INDICATIONS FOR USE IN WATER PROPORTIONERS:

Add the following amount to one gallon of stock solution when proportioner is set to meter at the rate of one ounce per gallon

Disease	Treatment Level	Quantity/Gallon Stock Solution
rol of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplaems synovise, sptible to oxystracycline	200-400 mg	70-140 g
rot of chronic respiratory disease (CRD) and air sec infections ed by Mycoplasma gallisapticum and Escherichia coil, aptible to oxytetracycline.	400-800 mg	140-280 g
rol of lowi cholers caused by Pasteurella multiocida, susceptible ytetracycline.	400-800 mg	140-280 g
rol of hexamitiasis caused by <i>Hexamita meleagridis</i> , susceptible xytetracycline.	200-400 mg	70-140 g
Tol of infectious synovitis caused by Mycoplasma synovise, applies to oxysetracyclins.	400 mg	140 g
WING TURKEYS: Control of complicating bacterial organisms associated with comb (transmissible enteritis, coronaviral enteritis), susceptible to oxyletracycline.	25 mg/lb body weight	Varies with age & water consumption
THE CONTROL AND TREATMENT OF THE FOLLOWING IASES IN SYMNE: Bactural entertits caused by Escherichie coil and correlle choleraeauts, susceptible to oxystemscycline. Bacterial pneumonia and by Pastauratia multicoids, susceptible to oxystemscycline. BREEDING SWINE: Leptospirosis (reducing the incidence of abortions and king of leptospiral) caused by Leptospira pomora, susceptible to oxystemscycline.	10 mg/lb body weight	Varies with age & water consumption

NS FOR USE: Mix fresh solutions daily. Use as sole source of drinking water - Do not mix this product directly with milk or milk Administer one hour before or two hours after feeding milk or milk replacers. If improvement is not noted within 24 to 48 hours, poultry veterinarian or poultry diagnostic laboratory - As a generalization, 200 chickens will drink one galion of water per day for days. To thickys will consume twice that emount. Administer 7 to 14 days to chickens & turkeys and up to 5 days to swine, concentration of drug required in medicated water must be adequate to compensate for variation in the age of the 1 consumption rate, and the environmental temperature and humidity, each of which affects water consumption.

Use as sole source of oxytetracycline. Not to be used for more than 14 consecutive days in chickens and turkeys or 5 we days in swine.

#ING: DO NOT feed to birds producing eggs for human consumption. Discontinue treatment of CHICKENS, TURKEYS and SWINE 0 days prior to slaughter. CONSULT MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET PRIOR TO USE.

a registered trademark of the Cross Vetpharm Group, Ltd DBA Birneda, Inc. ENDED STORAGE CONDITIONS: Store below 77*F (25*C).

ICK REMEDY, NOT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION. HAZARDOUS REMEDY

Product No. 17ETO11 DISENS IN 87ET061-501 SWECTON

TETROXY® HCA-2270 SOLUBLE POWDER

(OXYTETRACYCLINE HCI) ANTIBIOTIC

This 5 lb. (2.27 kg) container contains 830.2 g oxytetracycline HCl and will make: 4151 gallons (15712 L) containing 200 mg oxytetracycline HCl per gallon. 2075 gallons (7854 L) containing 400 mg oxytetracycline HCl per gallon. 1038 gallons (3929 L) containing 800 mg oxytetracycline HCl per gallon. 5 lbs. (2.27 kg) will treat 83,017 pounds of swine.

FOR USE IN DRINKING WATER ONLY
NOT FOR USE IN LIQUID FEED SUPPLEMENTS
SEE PANEL FOR INSTRUCTIONS
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

NET WEIGHT: 5 lbs. (2.27 kg) (2,270 grams)

ANADA 200-144, Approved by FDA



Bimeda

* Made in Canada



Manufactured For: Bimeda, Inc. Riverside, MO 64150 USA LOT